

FERRO NORTHEASTERN PENINSULAR RAIL

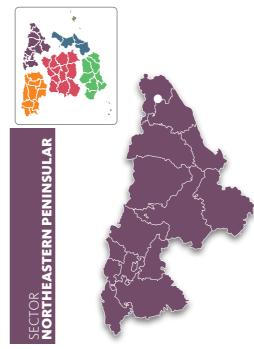
- -This the way to the starting point for the route. The first metres of the route advance along the right bank of the River Ter dual carriageway. At the final roundabout, an information panel on the Nature Trail and the sign for kilometre o point This section, asphalted and perfectly signalled, departs from Ripoll to Sant Joan de les Abadesses along the C-26 declared a Special Area of Conservacion (SCA).
- After passing under the road and before an outdoor gym area, there is a drinking-water fountain. The trail follows the riverbank before crossing it via an iron bridge. From here, it continues, parallel to the C-6z, between meadows and farm fields.
- ų After crossing under the road, the trail emerges into a rural landscape of great beauty through which it con-tinues to the old Sant Joan de les Abadesses railway facilities. These structures have been remodelled for public use, and there is currently a playground alongside a hostel which was originally the cargo station.
- 4 At this point, the path crosses the road in the direc-tion of Ogassa. Leaving Toralles station behind, the trail reaches some ruins before a panoramic view of the picturesque valley comes into sight.
- Ņ ged as a mining settlement), the route crosses two of the old railway tracks before reaching its highest point, at 970 m, in the mines of this mountainous area. The re-On the way to Ogassa (a village that originally emer turn to Sant Joan is by the same route



We invite you to visit them and offer you the keys to enjoy the trip. In this brochure you will find a brief description of the Ferro Nature Trail and the map for the journey, along with recommendations to make the most of this experience. We only ask one thing of you: do not forget to leave everything as you found it. The conservation of these pathways is also your responsibility.

These routes take us to the countryside to discover the bio-diversity and beauty of our precious natural heritage, and discover the villages, sights, traditions and people that are part of the unique cultural landscape of our country.

Since 1993 the Ministry for Agriculture and Fisheries, Food and the Environment's Nature Trails Program aims to restore former transport infrastructures such as railway tracks, cattle trails and traditional routes, for public use and enjoyment.



This Nature Trail, which takes its name from the forge works that put the county of Ripollés on the map for centuries, uses, for the best part of the route and following the River Ter, the former mining railway which up to the late 1960s transported coal from the mines of Ogassa and passengers to Sant Joan de les Abadesses.

THROUGH FORGED LANDS



and leaving behind the old Sant Joan de les Abadesses station, in no time at all the traveller will arrive at the imposing Pont Vell or Old Bridge and across the River Following the blue route marked out on the ground Ter.

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7 Crehuet to reach the magnificent Monastery of San Joan de les Abadesses and then continues along Paseo They will be immediately met by the Romanesque church of Sant Pol, built in the 12th century to honour de la Plana as far as Carrer de les Tres Creus, reaching an old mill known as Molí Petit, that today serves as an interpretation centre about watermills and fluvial Saints John and Paul. After following the section along the C-26, a crossing appears where, leaving road GIV-521 to one side, the trail continues along Paseo de Can ecosystems

THE FERRO NATURE TRAIL, A ROUTE FOR EVERYONE

One of the main characteristics of the Nature Trails of Girona is that some of the sections are suitable for adapted bicycles. Their technical characteristics and manual traction make for easy handling. There is a bike rental service available by the Ruta del Ferro Ru-ral Hostel, in addition to others along the route.



ting the tra ycle and also for wheelchairs. We recor g the trail from Sant Joan de les Abad ction of Ripoll to take advantage of the gentle gra first nine kilometres of the Ferro Nature Trail are

This trail has a wide and firm asphalt path and good visibility throughout the route, making it easy to avoid

THE THOUSAND LIVES OF THE BRIDGE OF SANT JOAN DE LES ABADESSES. THE PONT VELL

built in 1138, but the enormous earthquake that shook the town in 1428 forced it to be rebuilt. This Gothic-style bridge afforded access to the mediaeval district of the Vila Vella which, as a result of the vineyards that surrounded the town's monastery, was also known as The first Romanesque bridge over the River Ter was ilt in 1138, but the

ring the Civil War when it was blown up. Finally rebuilt in 1976 by combining the small Romanesque arches that were still standing with the large central Gothic arch, which has a span of 33 m, it is the widest bridge arch, which has a span of 33 m, it is the wides of all those of mediaeval origin on the Peninsu



TELEPHONES OF INTEREST:

NATURE TRAIL FERRO



